

# **CONSTITUTION**

## **MONASH ELECTRONIC GAMING ASSOCIATION**



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## PART 1 — PRELIMINARY

### 1 Name

- (1) The Name of the Club shall be “Monash Electronic Gaming Association”.
- (2) The Club shall also be known as “MEGA”.

### 2 Purpose

The purpose of the Club is to advance the education of the students of Monash University by—

- (1) Providing gamers within the Monash community with a way in which to meet and compete with like-minded individuals, through regular tournaments and meetings;
- (2) Promoting responsible gaming behaviours within the gaming community through regular seminars/meetings;
- (3) Educating and promoting within the gaming community an appreciation of the history of video gaming through regular meetings;
- (4) Promoting greater ties between local gamers and the wider gaming community to help broaden knowledge; and
- (5) Supporting and promoting the creation of new mediums (video games) which gamers may use to compete with like-minded individuals.

### 3 Interpretation

The provisions of this constitution shall be construed subject to the constitution of the Clubs & Societies Council. Where this constitution is inconsistent with the constitution of the Clubs & Societies Council, the latter shall prevail, and the former shall, to the extent of the inconsistency, be without force or effect. Where the constitution of the Clubs & Societies Council makes a provision for a matter or thing not otherwise provided for in this constitution, those provisions shall take effect as if they were contained in this constitution.

### 4 Definitions

In this constitution, unless the contrary intention appears, all words and expressions have the same meaning as they have in the constitution of the Clubs & Societies Council, and

**Academic day** means a day that falls within a regular teaching period of the University, on which classes are held;

**absolute majority**, of the Committee, means a majority of the committee members currently holding office and entitled to vote at the time (as distinct from a majority of committee members present at a committee meeting);

**AGM** means the Annual General Meeting;

**associate member** means a member referred to in rule 14(1);

**Chairperson**, of a general meeting or committee meeting, means the person chairing the meeting as required under rule 31 and 59;

**Club** means Monash Electronic Gaming Association;

**Clubs & Societies Council** means the Clubs & Societies Council division of MSA;

**C&S Executive** means the Executive of the Clubs & Societies Council;

**Committee** means the Committee, as defined in Part 5, having management of the business of the Club;

**committee meeting** means a meeting of the Committee held in accordance with this constitution;

**committee member** means a member of the Committee elected or appointed under Division 3 of Part 5 and listed in rule 45(2);

**disciplinary appeal meeting** means a meeting of the members of the Club convened under rule 24(3);

**disciplinary meeting** means a meeting of the Committee convened for the purposes of rule 23;

**disciplinary subcommittee** means the subcommittee appointed under rule 21;

**EGM** means an Extraordinary General Meeting;

**general meeting** means a general meeting of the members of the Club convened in accordance with Part 4 and includes an annual general meeting, an ordinary general meeting, and an extraordinary general meeting;

**member** means a member of the Club;

**MSA** means Monash Student Association (Clayton) Inc. (ABN 20 147 061 074);

**OGM** means an Ordinary General Meeting;

**ordinary member** means a member referred to in rule 12(1);

**ordinary member entitled to vote** means an ordinary member who under rule 12(2) is entitled to vote at a general meeting;

**Register of Members** means the comprehensive list of Club members submitted to C&S in accordance with the C&S Affiliation Regulations;

**student** means a person enrolled in a course of study administered at the Clayton Campus of the University.

## **PART 2 — POWERS OF THE CLUB**

### **5 Powers of the Club**

- (1) The Club has power to do all things incidental or conducive to achieve its purposes, subject to any restrictions placed on it by the C&S Executive or in the C&S Constitution and Regulations.
- (2) The Club may only exercise its powers and use its income and assets (including any surplus) for its purposes.

### **6 Not for profit status**

- (1) The Club must not distribute any surplus, income or assets directly or indirectly to its members.
- (2) Subrule (1) does not prevent the Club from paying a member—
  - (a) reimbursement for expenses properly incurred by the member; or
  - (b) for goods or services provided by the member—if this is done in good faith on terms no more favourable than if the member was not a member.

## **PART 3 — MEMBERS, DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES AND GRIEVANCES**

### **Division 1 — Membership**

#### **7 Minimum number of members**

The Club must have at least 40 ordinary members.

#### **8 Who is eligible to be a member**

Any person who supports the purposes of the Club is eligible for membership.

#### **9 Duration of membership**

A person's membership of the Club shall run from the payment of the membership fee, or if there is no fee, from entry into the register of members, until 20 March of the following year, or until the person ceases to be eligible, whichever occurs earlier.

#### **10 Rejection of membership**

- (1) Within 7 days of a person joining the Club, the Committee may resolve to provisionally reject their Club membership application until the matter can be decided at a general meeting, which must be held within 20 academic days.
- (2) A person may only have their Club membership application rejected if not less than two thirds of the ordinary members present (either in person or by proxy) at a general meeting vote in favour of the decision, provided that—
  - (a) 14 days' notice of the intention to move a motion of rejection has been served on the person, Club members and the C&S Executive, and
  - (b) they have been given a reasonable opportunity to speak to the motion.
- (3) A person whose membership application has been rejected may appeal to the C&S Executive by serving on it, within 7 days of the rejection, a written notice of appeal. The C&S Executive's decision on the matter shall be binding on the Club.
- (4) Where a person's membership application is finalised as rejected, they shall be entitled to a full refund of the annual membership fee paid to the Club.

#### **11 Membership Fee**

- (1) At the first committee meeting of each year, the Club must determine—
  - (a) the amount of the annual membership fee (if any); and
  - (b) ensure differential pricing is charged, as outlined in the C&S Finance Regulations.

- (2) Subject to subrule (1) (b) any new member who joins after 1 July may pay a fee that is a proportion of the full annual membership fee, as determined by the Committee.

## **12 Ordinary Membership**

- (1) Ordinary membership of the Club shall be open to Clayton students who subscribe to the purposes of the Club.
- (2) An ordinary member is entitled to vote if—
  - (a) they are a member of at least 7 days standing; and
  - (b) the member's membership rights are not suspended for any reason.

## **13 General rights of members**

An ordinary member of the Club who is entitled to vote has the right—

- (a) to receive notice of general meetings and of proposed changes to this constitution and other matters in the manner and time prescribed by this constitution; and
- (b) to submit items of business for consideration at a general meeting; and
- (c) to attend and be heard at general meetings; and
- (d) to stand for election to the Committee and be a committee member; and
- (e) to have access to the minutes of general meetings, committee meetings and other documents of the Club as provided under rule 76; and
- (f) on request to the Secretary, to inspect the register of all Club members, as prescribed under rule 19(4).

## **14 Associate membership**

- (1) Associate membership of the Club shall be open to all persons who are ineligible for ordinary membership, and who subscribe to the purposes of the Club.
- (2) Associate members of the Club shall have all the rights of ordinary members, except they shall not be eligible to vote or be a member of the Committee.
- (3) Associate members may be members of subcommittees.

## **15 Honorary Life Membership**

- (1) A general meeting of the Club may confer Honorary Life Membership on a person who has made a substantial contribution to the Club if not less than two thirds of ordinary members present (either in person or by proxy) at a general meeting vote in favour of the decision.
- (2) Honorary life members of the Club who are eligible for ordinary membership shall have all the rights of ordinary members.
- (3) Honorary life members of the Club who are ineligible for ordinary membership shall have all the rights of associate members.
- (4) A list of honorary life members shall be noted in the appendix of this constitution.

## **16 Rights not transferable**



The rights of a member are not transferable and end when membership ceases.

## **17 Ceasing membership**

- (1) Without limiting rule 9, the membership of a person ceases on resignation, expulsion or death.
- (2) If a person resigns as a member of the Club, the Secretary must, as soon as practicable, update the C&S Executive of that fact.

## **18 Resigning as a member**

- (1) A member may resign by notice in writing given to the Club.
- (2) A member is also taken to have resigned if—
  - (a) the member's membership fee is not paid by 20 March; or
  - (b) where no annual subscription is payable, the member has not re-registered by 20 March.

## **19 Register of members**

- (1) The Secretary must keep and maintain an annual register of members that includes for each current member—
  - (a) the member's full name;
  - (b) the member's Monash student ID number (if applicable);
  - (c) the member's email address;
  - (d) the member's home campus;
  - (e) the date of becoming a member;
  - (f) if the member is an ordinary, associate or honorary life member; and
  - (g) any other information determined by the Committee.
- (2) Within 7 days of a request, the Secretary shall make available to any Club member, a list of all Club members, containing only each member's name and membership type, and, where applicable, the last 3 digits of each member's University student number.
- (3) The Secretary shall ensure that the C&S Executive has an up-to-date copy of all Club membership records at all times.
- (4) The Secretary shall ensure that all membership records are kept strictly confidential, and that out-of-date membership records are destroyed.

## **Division 2— Disciplinary action**

## **20 Grounds for taking disciplinary action**

The Club may take disciplinary action against a member in accordance with this Division if it is determined that the member—

- (1) has failed to comply with this constitution or its schedules; or
- (2) refuses to support the purposes of the Club; or
- (3) has engaged in conduct prejudicial to the Club.

## **21 Disciplinary subcommittee**

- (1) If the Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient grounds for taking disciplinary action against a member, the Committee must appoint a disciplinary subcommittee of no more than 5 people to hear the matter and determine what action, if any, to take against the member.
- (2) The members of the disciplinary subcommittee—
  - (a) may be committee members, members of the Club or anyone else, provided they are students; but
  - (b) must not be biased against, or in favour of, the member concerned.

## **22 Notice to member**

- (1) Before disciplinary action is taken against a member, the Secretary must give written notice to the member and the C&S Executive—
  - (a) stating that the Club proposes to take disciplinary action against the member; and
  - (b) stating the grounds for the proposed disciplinary action; and
  - (c) specifying the date, place (which must be on the Clayton Campus) and time of the meeting at which the disciplinary subcommittee intends to consider the disciplinary action (the disciplinary meeting); and
  - (d) advising the member that they may do one or more of the following—
    - (i) attend the disciplinary meeting and address the disciplinary subcommittee at that meeting;
    - (ii) give a written statement to the disciplinary subcommittee at any time before the disciplinary meeting; and
  - (e) advising the member that they can be accompanied by one person who may provide assistance, support or both, who may be—
    - (i) a counsellor;
    - (ii) a Monash student or staff member; or
    - (iii) a family member; but—  
may not be accompanied or assisted by anyone who is legally qualified; and
  - (f) setting out the member's appeal rights under rule 24.
- (2) The notice must be given no later than—
  - (a) 14 days, if held on an academic day; or
  - (b) 28 days, otherwise—  
before the disciplinary meeting is held.

## **23 Decision of subcommittee**

- (1) At the disciplinary meeting, the disciplinary subcommittee must—
  - (a) give the member an opportunity to be heard; and
  - (b) consider any written statement submitted by the member.
- (2) After complying with subrule (1), the disciplinary subcommittee may—
  - (a) take no further action against the member; or
  - (b) reprimand the member; or

- (c) suspend the membership rights of the member for a specified period, including the right to stand for election and be a committee member; or
  - (d) expel the member from the Club.
- (3) The suspension of membership rights or the expulsion of a member by the disciplinary subcommittee under this rule takes effect immediately after the vote is passed.
  - (4) If the member is not present at the disciplinary meeting, the member must be informed of the outcome within 12 hours of the vote.
  - (5) The Committee shall ensure that minutes of the disciplinary meeting are taken and submitted to the C&S Executive within 7 days.

## 24 Appeal rights

- (1) A person whose membership rights have been suspended or who has been expelled from the Club under rule 23 may give notice to the effect that they wish to appeal against the suspension or expulsion.
- (2) The notice must be in writing and given—
  - (a) to the disciplinary subcommittee immediately after the vote to suspend or expel the person is taken; or
  - (b) to the Secretary no later than 48 hours after the vote.
- (3) If a person has given notice under subrule (2), a disciplinary appeal meeting must be convened by the Committee as soon as practicable, but in any event not later than 15 academic days, after the notice is received.
- (4) Notice of the disciplinary appeal meeting must be given to the person appealing the decision of the disciplinary subcommittee, C&S Executive and to each ordinary member of the Club who is entitled to vote at least 14 days prior to the disciplinary appeal meeting and must—
  - (a) specify the date and time of the meeting, which must be held on an academic day; and
  - (b) state—
    - (i) the name of the person against whom the disciplinary action has been taken; and
    - (ii) the grounds for taking that action; and
    - (iii) that at the disciplinary appeal meeting the members present must vote on whether the decision to suspend or expel the person should be upheld or revoked.
- (5) The location must be given to the person appealing the decision of the disciplinary subcommittee, the C&S Executive and each ordinary member of the Club who is entitled to vote at least 7 days before the disciplinary appeal meeting.

## 25 Conduct of disciplinary appeal meeting

- (1) No business may be conducted at a disciplinary meeting unless a quorum of members is present.
- (2) The quorum for a disciplinary appeal meeting is the physical presence of 15 ordinary members, or 10% of the ordinary members entitled to vote up to a maximum of 50, whichever is greater, however—

- (a) If a quorum is not present within 20 minutes after the notified commencement time of a disciplinary appeal meeting—
    - (i) the disciplinary appeal meeting must be adjourned to an academic day no fewer than 5 and at most 10 academic days after the adjournment; and
    - (ii) notice of the date, time and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be confirmed by notice given to the person appealing the decision of the disciplinary subcommittee, C&S Executive and to each ordinary member of the Club who is entitled to vote as soon as practicable after the meeting; and—
  - (b) If a quorum is not present within 20 minutes after the time to which a disciplinary appeal meeting has been adjourned under subrule (2)(a), the ordinary members present at the meeting (if not fewer than 10) may proceed with the business of the meeting as if a quorum were present.
- (3) At a disciplinary appeal meeting—
- (a) no business other than the question of the appeal may be conducted;
  - (b) an ordinary member—
    - (i) elected by and from the attendants; and
    - (ii) who is not a committee member; and
    - (iii) who is not the person who is appealing the decision of the disciplinary subcommittee—
 shall preside as chair for the duration of the disciplinary appeal meeting; and
  - (c) the Committee must state the grounds for suspending or expelling the member and the reasons for taking that action; and
  - (d) the person whose membership has been suspended or who has been expelled must be given an opportunity to be heard.
- (4) After complying with subrule (3), the ordinary members present and entitled to vote at the meeting must vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the decision to suspend or expel the person should be upheld or revoked.
- (5) The chair, members of the Committee, the disciplinary subcommittee and the person who is appealing the decision of the disciplinary subcommittee must not vote.
- (6) A member may not vote by proxy at the meeting.
- (7) The decision is upheld if not less than two thirds of the ordinary members present at the disciplinary appeal meeting, excluding those listed in subrule (5), vote in favour of the decision.
- (8) The Committee shall ensure that minutes of the disciplinary appeal meeting are taken and submitted to the C&S Executive within 7 days.
- (9) A disciplinary appeal meeting shall not be considered to be a general meeting of the Club.

### **Division 3 — Grievance procedure**

## **26 Application**

- (1) The grievance procedure set out in this Division applies to disputes under this constitution between—
  - (a) a member and another member;
  - (b) a member and the Committee;
  - (c) a member and the Club.
- (2) A member must not initiate a grievance procedure in relation to a matter that is the subject of a disciplinary procedure until the disciplinary procedure has been completed.

## **27 Parties must attempt to resolve the dispute**

The parties to a dispute must attempt to resolve the dispute between themselves within 14 days of the dispute coming to the attention of each party.

## **28 Appointment of mediator**

- (1) If the parties to a dispute are unable to resolve the dispute between themselves within the time required by rule 27, the parties must within 7 days—
  - (a) notify the Committee of the dispute; and
  - (b) agree to or request the appointment of a mediator; and
  - (c) attempt in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation.
- (2) The mediator must be—
  - (a) a person chosen by agreement between the parties; or
  - (b) in the absence of agreement, a person appointed by the C&S Executive.
- (3) A mediator may be a member or former member of the Club but in any case must not be a person who—
  - (a) has a personal interest in the dispute; or
  - (b) is biased in favour of or against any party.

## **29 Mediation process**

- (1) The mediator to the dispute, in conducting the mediation, must—
  - (a) give each party every opportunity to be heard; and
  - (b) allow due consideration by all parties of any written statement submitted by any party; and
  - (c) ensure that natural justice is accorded to the parties throughout the mediation process.
- (2) The mediator must not determine the dispute.

## **30 Failure to resolve dispute by mediation**

If the mediation process does not resolve the dispute, the C&S Executive may, on the application in writing of either party, determine the dispute. In determining the dispute, the C&S Executive must comply with the requirements of rule 29(1), in the same way as the mediator.

## **PART 4 — GENERAL MEETINGS OF THE CLUB**

### **31 Chairperson**

- (1) The President is required to chair a general meeting, but if they are absent, unable or unwilling to preside, the Vice President is the Chairperson;
- (2) If the President and the Vice President are both absent, unable or unwilling to preside, the Chairperson of the meeting must be an ordinary member elected by the other ordinary members present.
- (3) A person must not be the Chairperson while a matter which they have a material personal interest in is being considered and must self-disqualify while the matter is considered.

### **32 Annual general meetings**

- (1) The Committee must convene an annual general meeting of the Club in September of each year, unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive.
- (2) The Committee or if the Committee is unable to make a decision, the Secretary, may determine the date, time and place of the annual general meeting, subject to rule 35(1).
- (3) The ordinary business of the annual general meeting is as follows—
  - (a) to confirm the minutes of the previous annual general meeting and of any general meetings held since then;
  - (b) to receive and consider annual reports required under rule 47; and
  - (c) to elect the members of the Committee.
- (4) The annual election for all committee positions shall be held at the annual general meeting, unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive.
- (5) The annual general meeting may also conduct any other business of which notice has been given in accordance with this constitution.

### **32A Ordinary general meetings**

- (1) There shall be one ordinary general meeting each year, to be held during the first semester.
- (2) The Committee may determine the date, time and place of the ordinary general meeting, subject to rule 35(1).
- (3) The usual business of an ordinary general meeting is as follows—
  - (a) to receive and consider the President and Treasurer reports and an update on the current activities of the Club;
  - (b) to provide a forum for members to give suggestions on Club activities and events;
  - (c) to elect the General Representatives, as listed in rule 53(2).
- (4) The ordinary general meeting may also conduct any other business of which notice has been given in accordance with this constitution.

### **33 Extraordinary general meetings**

- (1) Any general meeting of the Club, other than an annual general meeting or ordinary general meeting is an extraordinary general meeting.

- (2) The Committee must convene an extraordinary general meeting to hold a by-election, if a general meeting was not already scheduled.
- (3) The Committee may convene an extraordinary general meeting as required.
- (4) The Committee may determine the date, time and place of an extraordinary general meeting, subject to rule 35(1).
- (5) No business other than that set out in the notice under rule 35 may be conducted at the meeting.

**Note:** General business may be considered at the meeting if it is included as an item for consideration in the notice under rule 35 and the majority of members at the meeting agree.

### **34 Extraordinary general meeting held at request of members**

- (1) The Committee must convene an extraordinary general meeting if a request to do so is made in accordance with subrule (2) by at least 10% of the total number of ordinary members.
- (2) A request for an extraordinary general meeting must—
  - (a) be in writing; and
  - (b) state the business to be considered at the meeting and any resolutions to be proposed; and
  - (c) include the names and signatures of the members requesting the meeting; and
  - (d) be given to the Secretary.
- (3) If the Committee does not convene an extraordinary general meeting within 15 academic days after the date on which the member's request is made, the C&S Executive shall call one.
- (4) An extraordinary general meeting convened by the C&S Executive under subrule (3)—
  - (a) must be held within 30 academic days after the date on which the original request was made; and
  - (b) may only consider the business stated in that request.

### **35 Notice of general meetings**

- (1) General meetings may only be held on campus and on an academic day, unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive.
- (2) The Secretary (or, in the case of an extraordinary general meeting convened under rule 34(3), the C&S Executive) must give to each member of the Club at least 14 days' notice of a general meeting.
- (3) The notice must—
  - (a) specify the date and time of the meeting; and
  - (b) indicate the general nature of each item of business to be considered at the meeting; and
  - (c) include any other information as required by this constitution; and

**Example:** Additional information is required to be included in the notice of a general meeting where there is a proposed change to the constitution, a motion to remove a committee member from office, etc.

- (d) comply with rule 36(4).
- (4) The location must be given to each member of the Club at least 7 days before the general meeting.
- (5) If the general meeting has been called for any elections, the Returning Officer shall be appointed in accordance with rule 50 and this person's contact details notified to members at least 14 days prior to the date of the general meeting at which the election is to be held.

### **36 Proxies**

- (1) An ordinary member may appoint another ordinary member as their proxy to vote and speak on their behalf at a general meeting.
- (2) The appointment of a proxy may be—
  - (a) in writing and signed by the member making the appointment on a form approved by the Committee; or
  - (b) made by giving notice from the member's registered student email account.
- (3) The member appointing the proxy may give specific directions as to how the proxy is to vote on their behalf, otherwise the proxy may vote on behalf of the member on any matter as they see fit.
- (4) Notice of a general meeting given to a member under rule 35 must—
  - (a) state that an ordinary member may appoint another ordinary member as a proxy for the meeting; and
  - (b) include a copy of any form that the Committee has approved for the appointment of a proxy.
- (5) The proxy list must be given to the Chairperson of the meeting before or at the commencement of the meeting.
- (6) A form appointing a proxy sent by post or electronically, or notice from a member's registered student email account, is of no effect unless it is received by the Club no later than 72 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
- (7) A person can act as a proxy for no more than 2 ordinary members.

### **37 Use of technology**

- (1) A member not physically present at a general meeting may be permitted to participate in the meeting by the use of technology that allows that member and the members present at the meeting to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other.
- (2) For the purposes of this Part, a member participating in a general meeting as permitted under subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

### **38 Quorum at general meetings**

- (1) No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members is present.
- (2) The quorum for a general meeting is the presence (physically, by proxy or as allowed under rule 37) of 15 ordinary members, or 10% of the ordinary members entitled to vote up to a maximum of 50, whichever is greater.



- (3) If a quorum is not present within 20 minutes after the notified commencement time of a general meeting—
- (a) in the case of a meeting convened by the C&S Executive at the request of the members under rule 34—the meeting must be dissolved; or

**Note:** If a meeting convened at the request of members is dissolved under this subrule, the business that was to have been considered at the meeting is taken to have been dealt with. If members wish to have the business reconsidered at another general meeting, the members must make a new request under rule 34.

- (b) in any other case—
- (i) the meeting must be adjourned to an academic day no fewer than 5 and at most 10 academic days after the adjournment; and
- (ii) notice of the date, time and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be confirmed by notice given to all members as soon as practicable after the meeting.
- (4) If a quorum is not present within 20 minutes after the time to which a general meeting has been adjourned under subrule (3)(b), the ordinary members present at the meeting (if not fewer than 10) may proceed with the business of the meeting as if a quorum were present.

### 39 Adjournment of general meeting

- (1) The Chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of a majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting to another time at the same place or at another place.
- (2) Without limiting subrule (1), a meeting may be adjourned—
- (a) if there is insufficient time to deal with the business at hand; or
- (b) to give the members more time to consider an item of business.
- (3) No business may be conducted on the resumption of an adjourned meeting other than the business that remained unfinished when the meeting was adjourned.
- (4) Notice of the date, time and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be confirmed by notice given to all members as soon as practicable after the meeting, unless the meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, in which case notice of the meeting must be given in accordance with rule 35.

### 40 Voting at general meeting

- (1) On any question arising at a general meeting—
- (a) subject to subrule (3), each ordinary member who is entitled to vote, excluding the Chairperson, has one vote; and
- (b) ordinary members may vote personally or by proxy; and
- (c) unless otherwise specified in this constitution, the question must be decided on a majority of votes.

**Example:** A change to this constitution requires no less than two thirds of ordinary members present at a general meeting voting in favour of the proposed changes.

- (2) If votes are divided equally on a question, the Chairperson of the meeting has a casting vote.

- (3) If the question is whether or not to confirm the minutes of a previous meeting, only members who were present at that meeting may vote.

#### **41 Determining whether resolution carried**

- (1) Subject to subrule (2), the Chairperson of a general meeting may, on the basis of a show of hands, declare that a resolution has been—
  - (a) carried; or
  - (b) carried unanimously; or
  - (c) carried by a particular majority; or
  - (d) lost—and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting is conclusive proof of that fact.
- (2) If a secret ballot (where votes are cast in writing) is demanded by ten or more ordinary members on any question—
  - (a) the secret ballot must be taken at the meeting in the manner determined by the Chairperson of the meeting; and
  - (b) the Chairperson must declare the result of the resolution on the basis of the secret ballot.
- (3) A secret ballot demanded on the election of the Chairperson or on a question of an adjournment must be taken immediately.
- (4) A secret ballot demanded on any other question must be taken before the close of the meeting after the conclusion of discussion on the question.

#### **42 Minutes of general meeting**

- (1) The Committee must ensure that minutes are taken and kept of each general meeting.
- (2) The minutes of a general meeting must include—
  - (a) the names of the members attending the meeting; and
  - (b) proxy list given to the Chairperson of the meeting under rule 36(5); and
  - (c) the business considered at the meeting; and
  - (d) any resolution on which a vote is taken and the result of the vote; and
  - (e) the results of any elections held; and
  - (f) annual reports required under rule 47.

### **PART 5 — COMMITTEE**

#### **Division 1 — Powers of Committee**

#### **43 Role and powers**

- (1) The activities of the Club must be managed by or under the direction of a Committee.
- (2) The Committee may exercise all the powers of the Club except those powers that this constitution or the C&S Constitution or Regulations requires to be exercised by general meetings of the members of the Club.

- (3) The Committee may establish subcommittees consisting of ordinary or associate members with terms of reference it considers appropriate, which should be codified within a policy or regulation as a schedule to this constitution under rule 79.

#### **44 Delegation**

- (1) The Committee may delegate to a member of the Committee, ancillary member of the Committee, or subcommittee any of its powers and functions other than—
  - (a) this power of delegation; or
  - (b) the power to approve expenditure; or
  - (c) a duty imposed on the Committee by this constitution and the C&S Constitution and Regulations.
- (2) The delegation must be in writing and may be subject to the conditions and limitations the Committee considers appropriate.
- (3) The Committee may, in writing, revoke a delegation wholly or in part.

### **Division 2 — Composition of Committee and duties of members**

#### **45 Composition of Committee**

- (1) The Committee shall consist of 17 committee members.
- (2) The members of the Committee are—
  - (a) a President; and
  - (b) a Vice President; and
  - (c) a Treasurer; and
  - (d) a Secretary; and
  - (e) a People & Operations Director; and
  - (f) an Assistant Secretary; and
  - (g) an Assistant Treasurer; and
  - (h) an Academic Representative; and
  - (i) an Esports Director; and
  - (j) an Event Manager; and
  - (k) a Game Night Manager; and
  - (l) a Sponsorship Manager; and
  - (m) 1-5 General Representatives.

#### **46 General Duties**

- (1) As soon as practicable after being elected or co-opted to the Committee, each committee member must become familiar with this constitution and the C&S Constitution and Regulations.
- (2) As soon as practicable after being elected or co-opted to the Committee, the President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer must complete training as prescribed by the C&S Executive and update their contact details with Clubs & Societies via the appropriate form.

- (3) The Committee is collectively responsible for ensuring that the Club complies with the C&S Constitution and Regulations and that individual members of the Committee comply with this constitution.
- (4) Committee members must exercise their powers and discharge their duties with reasonable care and diligence.
- (5) Committee members must exercise their powers and discharge their duties—
  - (a) honestly and in good faith in the best interests of the Club; and
  - (b) for a proper purpose.
- (6) Committee members and former committee members must not make improper use of—
  - (a) their position; or
  - (b) information acquired by virtue of holding their position—
 so as to gain an advantage for themselves or any other person or to cause detriment to the Club.
- (7) In addition to any duties imposed by this constitution, a committee member must perform any other duties imposed from time to time by resolution at a general meeting.

#### **47 Duties of committee members**

- (1) President
  - (a) The duties of the President shall be to—
    - (i) preside as chair over committee meetings and general meetings, subject to Rule 31 and Rule 59;
    - (ii) attend meetings of the Clubs & Societies Council, vote in the interests of the Club, and report outcomes to the Committee;
    - (iii) co-ordinate the activities of the Committee;
    - (iv) approve and sign off on all off-campus event documentation requirements, as determined by the C&S Executive;
    - (v) represent the Club, and act as its spokesperson, to the Clubs & Societies Council, MSA, the University and other bodies, as appropriate;
    - (vi) submit reports to committee meetings, as appropriate; and
    - (vii) submit an annual report to the AGM and a general report as required under rule 32A(3)(a).
- (2) Vice President
  - (a) The duties of the Vice President shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
    - (ii) preside as chair over committee meetings and general meetings, in the absence of the President, subject to Rule 31 and Rule 59;
    - (iii) assist the President in their duties;
    - (iv) perform the duties of the President if that office is vacant; and
    - (v) perform other duties, as the Committee may resolve.
- (3) Treasurer

- (a) The duties of the Treasurer shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
    - (ii) keep the Club's financial records in order;
    - (iii) prepare a Club budget, at least every 6 months;
    - (iv) submit an annual report to the AGM and a general report as required under rule 32A(3)(a);
    - (v) With the Assistant Treasurer, jointly provide a thorough review of the Club's financial activities to the committee, at least once per semester.
    - (vi) receive all monies paid to or received by the Club and ensure receipts are issued for those monies in the name of the Club;
    - (vii) ensure that all monies received are paid into the account of the Club within 2 working days after receipt, unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive;
    - (viii) make any payments authorised by the Committee or by a general meeting of the Club from the Club's funds;
    - (ix) ensure cheques are signed by at least 2 of the President, Vice President, Secretary or Treasurer; and
    - (x) liaise with Clubs & Societies Council on any financial requirements.
  - (b) The Treasurer must—
    - (i) ensure that the financial records of the Club are kept in accordance with the C&S Finance Regulations; and
    - (ii) prepare the Club's financial books for audit, semi-annually;
  - (c) The Treasurer must ensure that at least one other committee member has access to the accounts and financial records of the Club.
- (4) Secretary
- (a) The Secretary must give to the C&S Executive notice of their appointment within 14 days after the appointment.
  - (b) The duties of the Secretary shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
    - (ii) prepare agendas and minutes, and serve notice as prescribed, for general meetings and committee meetings;
    - (iii) act as Returning Officer for Club elections, unless the Committee resolves otherwise;
    - (iv) ensure that an up-to-date membership register is maintained, in accordance with rule 19;
    - (v) regularly check the Club's mail box and electronic mail account, supplied by the Clubs & Societies Council, for incoming correspondence;
    - (vi) ensure that inwards and outwards correspondence for the Club is handled correctly and in a timely manner; and
    - (vii) submit an annual report to the AGM.
- (5) People & Operations Director
- (a) The duties of the People & Operations Director shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;

- (ii) track and report to the Committee the adherence to its directives by members of the Committee, ancillary members, and subcommittees;
  - (iii) develop and maintain a recruitment process for the purposes of selecting members of subcommittees, ancillary members of the Committee, and co-opted Committee members;
  - (iv) subject to Committee approval, recruit new ancillary members and subcommittee members, in line with the recruitment process;
  - (v) with the Assistant Secretary, maintain a register of ancillary members and subcommittee members;
  - (vi) develop, maintain and administer an induction workshop to members of the Committee, ancillary members and subcommittees;
  - (vii) develop, maintain and make available training and reference materials for members of the Committee, ancillary members and subcommittees;
  - (viii) facilitate a successful handover of information and duties from outgoing committee members to incoming committee members;
  - (ix) maintain a list of the relevant training and qualifications of the members of the Committee, ancillary members and subcommittees;
  - (x) facilitate the onboarding and offboarding of committee, ancillary members and subcommittee members when a person joins or leaves their role;
  - (xi) ensure grievances and reports of misconduct by members are dealt with fairly and adequately; and
  - (xii) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.
- (6) Assistant Treasurer
- (a) The duties of the Assistant Treasurer shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
    - (ii) assist the Treasurer with their duties;
    - (iii) With the Treasurer, jointly provide a thorough review of the Club's financial activities to the committee, at least once per semester.
    - (iv) perform the duties of the Treasurer in their absence, or if that office is vacant;
    - (v) Perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.
- (7) Assistant Secretary
- (a) The duties of the Assistant Secretary shall be to—
    - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
    - (ii) assist the Secretary with their duties;
    - (iii) perform the duties of the Secretary in their absence, or if that office is vacant;
    - (iv) create and send a weekly newsletter to members;
    - (v) with the People & Operations Director, maintain a register of ancillary members and subcommittee members;
    - (vi) learn and understand the duties of the Secretary and where possible from time to time perform those duties; and
    - (vii) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

(8) Academic Representative

(a) The duties of the Academic Representative shall be to—

- (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
- (ii) liaise with Monash University Faculty of Information Technology representatives on collaborations between the Club and the Faculty;
- (iii) plan and run an event at least once per semester that will allow members of the Club to showcase their work with respect to games design & development;
- (iv) develop and drive events and programmes of the Club with respect to the Games Development and Games Design areas of study at Monash University; and
- (v) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

(9) Esports Director

(a) The duties of the Esports Director shall be to shall be to—

- (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
- (ii) oversee the running of tournaments;
- (iii) assist members in joining inter-university and other Esports related competitions;
- (iv) act as a representative for the club at Esports events;
- (v) with the People & Operations Director and subject to Committee approval, recruit new members to oversee individual games;
- (vi) maintain a group of members to oversee individual games as required; and
- (vii) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

(10) Event Manager

(a) The duties of the Event Manager shall be to shall be to—

- (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
- (ii) ensure adherence to C&S requirements for off campus events;
- (iii) co-ordinate committee members' roles during major events;
- (iv) book event spaces in advance of events;
- (v) alert club members of event details, such as date, time and location;
- (vi) manage the Club Facebook page and other online presence;
- (vii) respond to queries posed through the club page or mail box and electronic mail account, supplied by the Clubs & Societies Council, for incoming correspondence that they are capable of answering;
- (viii) create event pages for club events and inform all club members of event details to the best of their abilities;
- (ix) coordinate with other gaming clubs and individuals to organise events;
- (x) assist in duties involving coordination of weekly meetings, if required; and
- (xi) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

(11) Game Night Manager

(a) The duties of the Game Night Manager shall be to shall be to—

- (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
- (ii) book event spaces in advance of weekly game nights;
- (iii) alert club members of game night event details, such as date, time and location;
- (iv) respond to Club members via electronic mail and the Club social media channels with respect to any questions about game nights;
- (v) ensure a variety of games are available at the weekly game nights, as to engage a broad spectrum of gamers;
- (vi) plan and coordinate the setup, activities, management and pack up for weekly game nights;
- (vii) assist the Event Manager with planning and execution of major events; and
- (viii) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

#### (12) Sponsorship Manager

- (a) The duties of the Sponsorship Manager shall be to shall be to—
  - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
  - (ii) regularly check the club's electronic mail account, supplied by the Clubs & Societies Council, for incoming correspondence relevant to sponsors and affiliates;
  - (iii) act as the spokesperson and representative of the club, towards sponsors and affiliates;
  - (iv) actively seek out new sponsors and affiliates of the club that would benefit the club and its members;
  - (v) use the C&S sponsorship agreement templates, as appropriate;
  - (vi) coordinate with other gaming clubs and individuals to organise events; and
  - (vii) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

#### (13) General Representatives

- (a) The duties of the General Representatives shall be to—
  - (i) attend committee meetings and general meetings;
  - (ii) within one month of their election, be assigned a title and associated duties (portfolio) by the Committee, and perform those duties;
  - (iii) ensure that new members are involved in the club; and
  - (iv) perform other duties, as the committee may resolve.

### 48 Ancillary Members

- (1) The Club or the Committee may from time to time create additional positions to assist the Committee with their duties, that—
  - (a) can be held by ordinary members and associate members; and
  - (b) should be codified within a policy or regulation as a schedule to this constitution under rule 79.

**Example:** The Committee may resolve to appoint a Webmaster to manage the Club website, which requires a member with specific skills.

- (2) Such positions shall be ancillary members of the Committee, but are not defined as committee members under this constitution.



- (3) Ancillary members have the right to attend and speak at committee meetings and shall be bound by rule 46.

### **Division 3 — Election of Committee members and tenure of office**

#### **49 Who is eligible to be a Committee member**

A member is eligible to be elected or appointed as a committee member if the member—

- (a) is an ordinary member entitled to vote under rule 12(2), and
- (b) is a Clayton student, and
- (c) is undertaking at least one unit of study at a Victorian campus of the University, and
- (d) has not had their membership rights suspended; and
- (e) is 18 years or older on the date they would take office.

#### **50 Returning Officer**

- (1) The Returning Officer shall be appointed by the Committee at least 14 days prior to the date of the General Meeting at which an election is to be held
- (2) The Secretary shall be appointed the Returning Officer unless the Committee resolves otherwise, or the Secretary self disqualifies.
- (3) Upon receiving a written request to do so from 3 committee members, the C&S Executive shall appoint a Returning Officer instead of the Committee.
- (4) If the Returning Officer is not present at a General Meeting at which an election is to be held, immediately preceding the election, the ordinary members present at the General Meeting are to elect a Returning Officer by a show of hands to conduct the election, subject to subrule (5) and (6) below.
- (5) The Returning Officer must be a Clayton student at the time of appointment.
- (6) The Returning Officer shall not—
  - (a) be a candidate;
  - (b) endorse a candidate; or
  - (c) vote;
 in an election over which they preside.

#### **51 Positions to be declared vacant**

- (1) Provided that quorum is present, the Returning Officer of the—
  - (a) ordinary general meeting must declare the positions of the General Representatives vacant; or
  - (b) annual general meeting must declare all other positions on the Committee vacant and hold elections for those positions in accordance with rules 52 to 54.
- (2) Where quorum is not present, the Chairperson must adjourn the meeting under rule 38(3)(b).

**Note:** Where quorum is not present at the annual general meeting adjourned under rule 38(3)(b), the meeting may proceed if quorum was present under rule 38(4).

## 52 Nominations

- (1) Prior to the Returning Officer calling for nominations, the meeting may resolve to accept nominations in absentia.
- (2) Prior to the election of each position, the Returning Officer of the meeting must call for nominations to fill that position.
- (3) In order to be nominated for a position, an ordinary member of the Club must—
  - (a) be nominated and seconded by ordinary members who are entitled to vote at a general meeting; and
  - (b) accept the nomination.
- (4) An ordinary member who is nominated for a position and fails to be elected to that position may be nominated for any other position for which an election is yet to be held.
- (5) An ordinary member who holds a General Representative position may also be nominated for and be elected to another position.
  - (a) If declared elected to a position, their General Representative position must immediately be declared vacant.
  - (b) After all other elections have been held at a general meeting, an election is to be held for the vacant General Representative position(s), if any.

## 53 Election of committee members

- (1) Election for positions where there is only one office holder.
  - (a) At the annual general meeting, separate elections must be held for each of the following positions—
    - (i) President;
    - (ii) Vice-President;
    - (iii) Treasurer;
    - (iv) Secretary;
    - (v) People & Operations Director;
    - (vi) Assistant Treasurer;
    - (vii) Assistant Secretary;
    - (viii) Academic Representative;
    - (ix) Esports Director;
    - (x) Event Manager;
    - (xi) Game Night Manager;
    - (xii) Sponsorship Manager.
  - (b) If only one member is nominated for the position, the Returning Officer of the meeting must declare the member elected to the position.
  - (c) If more than one member is nominated, a ballot must be held in accordance with rule 54.
- (2) Elections for positions where there are multiple office holders.
  - (a) At the ordinary general meeting, a single election will be held to fill the General Representative positions.

- (b) If the number of members nominated for the position of General Representative is less than or equal to the number to be elected, the Returning Officer of the meeting must declare each of those members to be elected to the position.
- (3) If the number of members nominated exceeds the number to be elected, a secret ballot must be held in accordance with rule 54.
- (4) The positions shall be elected in the order that they are listed in rule 45(2).

## 54 Election Procedure

- (1) Before the secret ballot is taken, each candidate may make a short speech in support of their election.
- (2) The election shall be by secret ballot, except where there are only two candidates for a single position, in which case the meeting may resolve to vote by a show of hands.
- (3) The Returning Officer must give a ballot paper to—
  - (a) Each ordinary member entitled to vote present in person; and
  - (b) each proxy appointed by an ordinary member entitled to vote.

**Example:** If an ordinary member has been appointed the proxy of 2 other ordinary members, the member must be given 3 ballot papers—one for the member and one each for the other members.

- (4) Voters must indicate their order of preference for candidates by either—
  - (a) writing the names of the candidates starting at the top of the ballot paper for most preferred, writing the name of their second most preferred candidate underneath the name of the most preferred, and proceeding down the ballot paper in order of preference; or
  - (b) indicating their order of preference by writing numbers next to the name of each candidate where—
    - (i) A “1” next to the candidates’ name means most preferred;
    - (ii) A “2” next to the candidates’ name means second most preferred;
    - (iii) A “3” next to the candidates’ name means third most preferred;
    - (iv) and so on—
 for as many candidates as they wish.
- (5) Where a voter has followed the procedure set out in both subrule 4(a) and subrule 4(b), the order of preference established under 4(b) shall prevail.
- (6) Votes must be counted in accordance with the following procedure—
  - (a) Each ballot paper must first be given the value of 1.
  - (b) The value of each ballot paper must be allocated to the continuing candidate against whose name appears higher in order of preference, as per subrule (4).
  - (c) A ballot paper which does not show a valid preference for at least one continuing candidate is exhausted and may not be allocated further.
  - (d) A quota must be calculated, to four significant figures, at the start of counting by dividing the total value of formal ballot papers by one more than the number of positions remaining to be filled.
  - (e) If at any stage of counting a continuing candidate is allocated a value in

excess of the quota, that candidate must be declared elected and each ballot paper allocated to that candidate must be given a new value obtained by multiplying its current value by the candidate's transfer value. If there are two or more candidates with an equal value, the Returning Officer must determine by lot which of these candidates is to be elected first.

**Note:** Where two or more candidates are allocated a value in excess of the quota, the candidate with the highest value shall be declared elected first, and ballots with their new value, allocated to continuing candidates.

- (f) If at any stage of counting no continuing candidate is allocated a value in excess of the quota, the candidate with the lowest value must be eliminated. If there are two or more candidates with an equal value, the Returning Officer must determine by lot which of these candidates is to be eliminated.
  - (g) The procedure in subrule (6)(b) to (6)(f) above must be repeated in order until the number of positions to be filled are filled.
- (7) In this rule—
- (a) **continuing candidate** means a candidate who has neither been elected nor eliminated;
  - (b) **stage of counting** means when all ballots which have not been exhausted have been allocated to continuing candidates;
  - (c) **candidate's transfer value** is the elected candidate's value, less the quota at stage of counting, all divided by the elected candidate's value.

**Example:** The choice of candidate may be decided by the toss of a coin, drawing straws or drawing a name out of a hat.

## 55 Term of office

- (1) Subject to subrule (3), rule 56, 57 and 58, a committee member holds office until the positions of the Committee are declared vacant—
  - (a) in the case of the positions of the General Representatives, at the ordinary general meeting; or
  - (b) in the case of all other positions, at the next annual general meeting.
- (2) A committee member may be re-elected.
- (3) A general meeting of the Club may elect an eligible ordinary member of the Club to fill a vacant position in accordance with this Division.

## 56 Vacation of office

- (1) A committee member may resign from the Committee by written notice, specifying the date of cessation, addressed to the Committee.
- (2) A person also ceases to be a committee member if they—
  - (a) cease to be a student enrolled in a course of study administered at the Clayton campus;
  - (b) are not enrolled in any units of study at a Victorian campus of the University;
  - (c) cease to be a member of the Club; or
  - (d) fail to attend 3 consecutive committee meetings (other than special or

urgent committee meetings) without leave of absence under rule 69.

- (3) In the event that the office of the President, Vice President, Treasurer and/or Secretary is vacated prior to the conclusion of an ordinary term or is vacant after an election, an EGM shall be called and held within 20 academic days of vacation to enable a by-election for the vacated position(s), unless an OGM or AGM will be held within the same period.
- (4) In the event that a Committee member resigns their position specifying a date of cessation, an EGM may be held no earlier than 20 academic days prior to the date of cessation to enable a by-election for the Committee members' position. In such a situation—
  - (a) The position shall be declared vacant at a specified date, subject to subrule 56(4)(c) by the Returning Officer at the time of the election;
  - (b) The person elected in the by-election is to occupy the position on the date of cessation specified by the resigning Committee member; and
  - (c) Should the resigning Committee member vacate their position earlier than the original date of cessation, the person elected in the by-election is to occupy the position immediately upon the position becoming vacant and the Secretary must notify the elected person as soon as practicable of the earlier commencement date.
- (5) The Committee may continue to act despite any vacancy in its membership.

## **57 Removal from office**

- (1) A committee member may be removed from office under Division 2 of Part 3 or under subrule (2) below.
- (2) A general meeting of the Club may remove a committee member from office if not less than two thirds of the ordinary members present (either in person or by proxy) at a general meeting vote in favour of the decision, provided that—
  - (a) 14 days' notice of the intention to move a motion of removal from office has been served on the committee member, members of the Club and the C&S Executive; and
  - (b) the committee member has been given a reasonable opportunity to speak to the motion; and—
  - (c) may elect an eligible ordinary member of the Club to fill the vacant position in accordance with this Division.

## **58 Co-option**

The Committee may co-opt (appoint) an eligible ordinary member of the Club who is entitled to vote to fill a position on the Committee that—

- (a) has become vacant under rule 56; or
- (b) was not filled by election at the last annual general meeting—

who shall hold office until the next general meeting of the Club.

## **Division 4 — Meetings of Committee**

### **59 Chairperson**

- (1) The President is required to chair committee meetings, but if they are absent, unable or unwilling to preside, the Vice President is the Chairperson.
- (2) If the President and the Vice President are both absent, unable or unwilling to preside, the Chairperson of the meeting must be a committee member elected by the other committee members present.
- (3) A person must not be the Chairperson while a matter which they have a material personal interest in is being considered and must self-disqualify while the matter is considered.

## **60 Meetings of Committee**

- (1) The Committee must meet at least 4 times in each half year at the dates, times and places determined by the Secretary, or in accordance with subrule (2).
- (2) Special committee meetings may be convened at a specified date, time and place by the President or by any 2 members of the Committee.
- (3) Where the Secretary is on a leave of absence, or as agreed to by the Secretary, the Assistant Secretary may call a meeting under subrule (1).

## **61 Notice of meetings**

- (1) Notice of each committee meeting must be given to each committee member no later than 7 days before the date of the meeting.
- (2) Notice may be given of more than one committee meeting at the same time.
- (3) The notice must state the date, time and place of the meeting.
- (4) If a special committee meeting is convened, the notice must include the general nature of the business to be conducted.
- (5) The only business that may be conducted at a special committee meeting is the business for which the meeting is convened.

## **62 Urgent meetings**

- (1) In cases of urgency, a meeting can be held without notice being given in accordance with rule 61 provided that as much notice as practicable is given to each committee member by the quickest means practicable.
- (2) Any resolution made at the meeting must be passed by an absolute majority of the Committee.
- (3) The only business that may be conducted at an urgent committee meeting is the business for which the meeting is convened.

## **63 Procedure and order of business**

- (1) The procedure to be followed at a meeting of a Committee must be determined from time to time by the Committee.
- (2) The order of business may be determined by the members present at the meeting.

## **64 Use of technology**

- (1) A committee member who is not physically present at a committee meeting may participate in the meeting by the use of technology that allows that committee

member and the committee members present at the meeting to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other.

- (2) For the purposes of this Part, a committee member participating in a committee meeting as permitted under subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

## 65 Quorum

- (1) No business may be conducted at a committee meeting unless a quorum is present.
- (2) The quorum for a committee meeting is the presence (in person or as allowed under rule 64) of a majority of the committee members holding office, at least one of which must be the President, Vice President, Treasurer or Secretary.
- (3) If a quorum is not present within 20 minutes after the notified commencement time of a committee meeting—
  - (a) in the case of a special or urgent meeting—the meeting lapses;
  - (b) in any other case—the meeting must be adjourned to a date no later than 14 days after the adjournment and notice of the time, date and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be given in accordance with rule 61.

## 66 Voting

- (1) On any question arising at a committee meeting, each committee member present at the meeting, other than the Chairperson, has one vote.
- (2) A motion is carried if a majority of committee members present at the meeting, excluding those who abstain, vote in favour of the motion.
- (3) Subrule (2) does not apply to any motion or question which is required by this constitution to be passed by an absolute majority of the Committee.
- (4) If votes are divided equally on a question, the Chairperson of the meeting has a casting vote.
- (5) Voting by proxy is not permitted.

## 67 Conflict of interest

- (1) A committee member who has a material personal interest in a matter being considered at a committee meeting or by circular resolution must disclose the nature and extent of that interest to the Committee.
- (2) The member—
  - (a) must not be present while the matter is being considered at the meeting; and
  - (b) must abstain from any vote on the matter.

**Note:** If there are insufficient committee members to form a quorum because a member who has a material personal interest is disqualified from voting on a matter, a general meeting may be called to deal with the matter.

- (3) This rule does not apply to a material personal interest—
  - (a) that exists only because the member belongs to a class of persons for whose benefit the Club is established; or
  - (b) that the member has in common with all, or a substantial proportion of, the

members of the Club.

## 68 Minutes of meeting

- (1) The Secretary and Committee must ensure that minutes are taken and kept of each committee meeting.
- (2) The minutes must record the following—
  - (a) the full names of the members, and their positions (if applicable) in attendance at the meeting;
  - (b) the meeting number, venue, commencement and close time;
  - (c) the business considered at the meeting;
  - (d) any resolution on which a vote is taken and the result of the vote;
  - (e) any material personal interest disclosed under rule 67.

## 69 Leave of absence

- (1) The Committee may grant a committee member leave of absence from committee meetings for a period not exceeding 2 months.
- (2) The Committee must not grant leave of absence retrospectively unless it is satisfied that it was not feasible for the committee member to seek the leave in advance.

## 69A Circular Resolutions

- (1) The Committee may, in between meetings, vote on a resolution by way of circular resolution.
- (2) A circular resolution is only considered a valid resolution of the Committee when:
  - (a) every Committee Member (with the exception of the President and any Committee members who are on a leave of absence) votes in favour or abstains from the resolution;
  - (b) no Committee member casts a vote against the resolution; and
  - (c) all votes are received within 72 hours of the resolution being communicated to the Committee members.
- (3) A circular resolution may be proposed by—
  - (a) two members of the Committee emailing the President, one to move and one to second the resolution; or
  - (b) the President moving the circular resolution by circulating it under subrule (4) with a note to that effect..

**Note:** Committee members don't need to specify who moves and who seconds the motion. By default, it is assumed that the first person to propose the motion has moved the motion and the second person to propose the motion seconds the motion. If the motion is moved by the President, no seconder is required.

- (4) A circular resolution must be communicated by email to all Committee members by the President.
- (5) The President may also circulate the same emails to all ancillary members, although the ancillary members have no right to vote on the resolution.

**Note:** The President may also circulate the result of the resolution to ancillary members.



- (6) Committee members may reply to the email voting in favour, voting against, or abstaining from the resolution.
- (7) The email circulated by the President must:
  - (a) specify the exact wording of the resolution proposed;
  - (b) state the time that the votes must be received by, in accordance with subrule (2)(c); and
  - (c) state the process for voting, in accordance with subrule (6).
- (8) Upon receiving the votes of all Committee members, or upon the time period for votes to be received lapses (whichever occurs first), the President must, as soon as practicable, inform all members of the Committee, by email, whether the circular resolution was passed or otherwise, in accordance with subrule (2).
- (9) A circular resolution that has been passed is deemed to take effect from when the President emails the result of the circular resolution to all members of the Committee.
- (10) A resolution cannot be voted on by way of circular resolution when it proposes:
  - (a) any matter relating to a disciplinary subcommittee;
  - (b) co-opting a Committee member;
  - (c) approving a leave of absence; and/or
  - (d) setting the membership fee.
- (11) No more than a cumulative total expenditure of \$100 may be approved between Committee meetings by way of circular resolution.

**Example:** The Committee has their 18<sup>th</sup> meeting for the year. After that meeting they realise they forgot to approve an expenditure item for a value of \$20.00 and approve it by a circular resolution. Because they have approved \$20.00 of expenditure, they can only approve another \$280.00 of expenditure by circular resolution until they have their 19<sup>th</sup> meeting.
- (12) Minutes must be written for each circular resolution which passes, which must include—
  - (a) the time the resolution was proposed and those who proposed it;
  - (b) the time the resolution was circulated by the President to the members of the Committee;
  - (c) the exact wording of the circular resolution;
  - (d) the time each vote from a Committee member was received;
  - (e) the total votes for and abstaining from the circular resolution;
  - (f) any abstentions that a Committee member requests be noted;
  - (g) any material personal interest disclosed under rule 67;
  - (h) the date and time the resolution took effect;
  - (i) a short explanation of the means by which the resolution passed; and
  - (j) the meeting in which the resolution is tabled.
- (13) At the next meeting of the Committee after a circular resolution is passed, it must be noted, and its minutes must be confirmed to be a true and accurate record by resolution at a Committee meeting.

- (14) The rights of members with respect to inspecting minutes of Committee meetings also apply to minutes of circular resolutions.
- (15) Where the President is on a leave of absence or otherwise unable to conduct their duties under this rule, the Vice President may execute these duties instead.

## **PART 6 — FINANCIAL MATTERS**

### **70 Source of funds**

The funds of the Club may be derived from membership fees, donations, fund-raising activities, grants, interest, ticket sales and any other sources approved by the Committee.

### **71 Management of funds**

- (1) The Club must open an account with a financial institution on the Clayton campus from which all expenditure of the Club is made and into which all of the Club's revenue is deposited, unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive.
- (2) Subject to any restrictions imposed by a general meeting of the Club, the Committee shall approve expenditure on behalf of the Club.
- (3) Only the President, Vice President, Treasurer and Secretary may be signatories to any bank accounts held in the Club's name.
- (4) All funds of the Club must be deposited into the financial account of the Club no later than 2 working days after receipt.

### **72 Financial records**

- (1) The Club must keep financial records that meet the Audit requirements of the C&S Finance Regulations.
- (2) The Club must retain the financial records for 7 years after the transactions covered by the records are completed.
- (3) The Treasurer must keep in his or her custody, or under their control—
  - (a) the financial records for the current audit period; and
  - (b) any other financial records as authorised by the Committee.

### **73 Financial statements**

- (1) For each audit period, the Committee must ensure that the requirements under the C&S Finance Regulations relating to the audit of the Club are met.
- (2) Without limiting subrule (1), those requirements include—
  - (a) the preparation of the financial statements; and
  - (b) timely submission and adherence to due dates.

## **PART 7 — GENERAL MATTERS**

### **74 Registered address**

The registered address of the Club is the official mailing address for C&S affiliated clubs, as defined in the C&S Affiliation Regulations.

## 75 Notice requirements

- (1) Any notice required to be given to a member or a committee member under this constitution may be given—
  - (a) by handing the notice to the member personally; or
  - (b) by email or text message.
- (2) Subrule (1) does not apply to notice given under rule 62.
- (3) Any notice required to be given to the Club or the Committee may be given—
  - (a) by handing the notice to a member of the Committee; or
  - (b) by sending the notice by post to the registered address; or
  - (c) by leaving the notice at the registered address; or
  - (d) by email to the Club's official C&S email account.

## 76 Custody and inspection of books and records

- (1) Members may on request inspect free of charge—
  - (a) the register of members, subject to rule 19(3);
  - (b) the minutes of general meetings and committee meetings;
  - (c) subject to subrule (2), the financial records, books, securities and any other relevant document of the Club.

**Note:** See note following rule 19(4) for details of access to the register of members.

- (2) The Committee may refuse to permit a member to inspect records of the Club that relate to confidential, personal, employment, commercial or legal matters or where to do so may be prejudicial to the interests of the Club.
- (3) The Committee must on request make copies of this constitution available to members free of charge.
- (4) For purposes of this rule—

relevant documents means the records and other documents, however compiled, recorded or stored, that relate to the administration and activities of the Club and includes the following—

  - (a) its membership records;
  - (b) its audit results;
  - (c) its financial records;
  - (d) records and documents relating to transactions, dealings, activities or assets of the Club.

## 77 Assets

- (1) All Club assets are the property of the Clubs & Societies Council.
- (2) Tangible assets may not be disposed of through resale, donation, transfer or by any other means, without prior approval of the C&S Executive.
- (3) Unless otherwise approved by the C&S Executive, all physical assets must be stored on the Clayton campus of the University.
- (4) Upon deregistration, all assets that remain after the satisfaction of all debts and liabilities must be transferred to the Clubs & Societies Council of the MSA,

which is charitable at law and which has rules prohibiting the distribution of its assets and income to its members.

## **78 Patron**

- (1) The Committee may, by absolute majority, award the title of Patron to a chosen person who has given substantial support to the Club.
- (2) The Patron shall have the right to be given notice for, attend and speak at all general meetings.

## **79 Schedules**

- (1) The Club or Committee may draft and adopt policies or regulations, which shall be the schedules to this constitution.
- (2) The method for amending or repealing schedules must be set out within the schedule.
- (3) Subject to subrule (5), schedules to this constitution shall have the same force as this constitution.
- (4) In schedules to this constitution, unless the contrary intention appears, words and expressions shall have the same meaning as they have in this constitution.
- (5) Where a schedule to this constitution is inconsistent with this constitution, the latter shall prevail and the former shall, to the extent of the inconsistency, be without force or effect.
- (6) A list of schedules, including the adopting or amending body and date that the schedule was adopted or amended, shall be noted in the appendix of this constitution.

## **80 Amendment of Constitution**

This constitution may be amended if not less than two thirds of the ordinary members present (either in person or by proxy) at a general meeting vote in favour of the proposed changes, provided that—

- (a) the C&S Executive has first approved the sought amendment(s); and
- (b) 14 days' notice of the proposed amendment is served on all Club members.

## **81 Acknowledgement**

It is hereby acknowledged that prior to the 19<sup>th</sup> of October 2018, the Club was known as the Society for Video Game Appreciation (SVGA).

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## APPENDIX

### List of Honorary Life Members

<b>Name</b>	<b>Appointed Date</b>
Alexander Constantine Bourikas	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
Henry Chen-Souphanh	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
Simone Stewart	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
Andrew Speer	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
David Hughes	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
Remlie Ortencio	14 <sup>th</sup> of March 2018
Louis Trevor Radevski	25 <sup>th</sup> of September 2019

### List of Schedules

<b><i>Ancillary Arm Regulations 2019</i></b>			
<b>Action</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Meeting Ref.</b>
Adopted	01/12/2018	Committee	29/18

<b><i>Election Regulations 2019</i></b>			
<b>Action</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Meeting Ref.</b>
Adopted	01/12/2018	Committee	29/18

<b><i>Committee Meeting Standing Orders 2019</i></b>			
<b>Action</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Meeting Ref.</b>
Adopted	01/12/2018	Committee	29/18

<b><i>Unified Division Regulations</i></b>			
<b>Action</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Meeting Ref.</b>
Adopted	03/07/2019	Committee	35/19
Amended	09/10/2019	Committee	54/19
Amended	18/10/2019	Committee	55/19

<b><i>Competitive Governance Regulations</i></b>			
<b>Action</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Body</b>	<b>Meeting Ref.</b>
Adopted	07/07/2019	Committee	37/19
Amended	09/10/2019	Committee	Circular 05/19